

MariaDB A MySQL replacement? Boston Metup 2012

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What is MariaDB?



A branch of MySQL

 MariaDB is a backward compatible, drop-in replacement for the MySQL Database Server

Open Source

- The source code for MariaDB is publicly available from Launchpad
- All code in MariaDB is open source
 - No closed source modules
- Open bugs database

A Brief History



- First version of what would become MySQL created by Monty Widenius 1983
- MySQL AB founded in 1995
- MySQL AB acquired by Sun Microsystems early 2008 for \$1bn
- Monty Program founded in late 2008
- Oracle acquire Sun April 2009
- MariaDB 5.1 released in February 2010

Who's Behind MariaDB



- Monty Program
 - ~30 core MySQL developers
 - Located around the world
- Community

Community and MariaDB



- The goal of MariaDB is to provide a community developed, stable and free database
- MariaDB takes community contributions
- Many MariaDB Captains outside of Monty Program (64% MP, 36% outside)
- Open development model

MariaDB 5.1 – Feb 2010



MariaDB 5.1 = MySQL 5.1 + the following:

- Storage Engines
 - PBXT*
 - XtraDB
 - FederatedX
 - Aria
- Bugfixes
- Removal of Mutexes

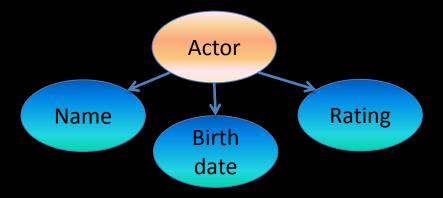
MariaDB 5.1



- Microsecond support
 - Slow query log, SHOW PROCESSLIST etc
- Thread pool*
 - Pool of threads instead of one thread /connection

Table Elimination

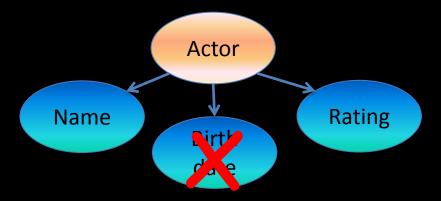




select ACRAT rating from actors where ACNAM name='Gary Oldman'

Table Elimination





select ACRAT rating from actors where ACNAM name='Gary Oldman'

MariaDB 5.2 - Nov 2010



MariaDB 5.2 = MariaDB 5.1 + the following:

- Pluggable authentication
 - Authentication handled by plugins
 - PAM plugin included
- User statistics
 - CLIENT_STATISTICS
 - USER_STATISTICS
 - INDEX_STATISTICS
 - TABLE_STATISTICS

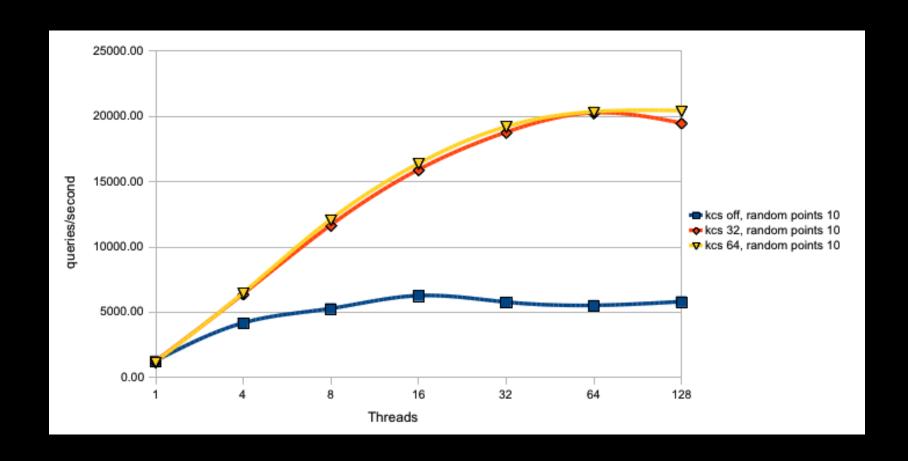
MariaDB 5.2



- Virtual Columns
 - PERSISTENT or VIRTUAL
- Sphinx Storage Engine
 - Allows access to Sphinx through MySQL
- Segmented MyISAM key cache
 - Key cache divided into different segments
 - Allows for better key cache concurrency
 - Between 1 and 64 segments

Segmented Key Cache





MariaDB 5.3 – Jan 2012



MariaDB 5.3 = MariaDB 5.2 + the following:

- Handler socket
 - Direct access to InnoDB/XtraDB storage layer
 - No SQL statements
 - Simple CRUD operations on tables
 - Can be match faster for large batch operations
- Dynamic columns
 - Allows you to create columns with dynamic content
 - Basically a blob with handling functions

Dynamic Columns



```
MariaDB [test] > create table t1 (id int auto increment primary key,
                    name varchar(40),
   ->
                    type enum ("shirt", "phone", "computer"),
   ->
   ->
                    price decimal (10,2),
                   dynstr mediumblob);
   ->
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
MariaDB [test] > insert into t1 (name, type, price, dynstr) values
   -> ("Funny shirt", "shirt", 10.0, COLUMN CREATE(1, "blue", 10, "XL")),
   -> ("nokia", "phone", 649, COLUMN CREATE(1, "black", 2, "touchscreen")),
   -> ("htc Desire hd", "phone", 579, COLUMN CREATE(1, "black", 3, "Android")),
   -> ("BM/Lenovo Thinkpad X60s", "computer", 419, COLUMN CREATE(1, "black", 3, "Linux"));
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.04 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
MariaDB [test] > select id, name, type, price, length(dynstr) as len, column list(dynstr) as
list from t1;
                          <del>+---+--</del>----+---+---+
                    | shirt | 10.00 | 17 | 1,10 |
  1 | Funny shirt
  2 | nokia
                         | phone | 649.00 | 27 | 1,2
                   3 | htc Desire hd
  4 | BM/Lenovo Thinkpad X60s | computer | 419.00 | 21 | 1,3
+---+----+---+
4 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

Dynamic Columns



```
MariaDB [test] > select name from t1 where COLUMN GET (dynstr, 1 as char(10)) = "black";
 nokia
 htc Desire hd
 BM/Lenovo Thinkpad X60s |
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
MariaDB [test]>
MariaDB [test] > select name, COLUMN GET (dynstr, 1 as char (10)) from t1 where
COLUMN EXISTS (dynstr, 1);
                           COLUMN GET (dynstr, 1 as char (10))
Funny shirt
                          | blue
 nokia
                          | black
 htc Desire hd
                          l black
 BM/Lenovo Thinkpad X60s | black
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

MariaDB 5.3



MariaDB 5.3 = MariaDB 5.2 + the following:

- Replication enhancements
 - Original statement logged with RBR events
 - Checksum for binlog events
 - RBR fixed for tables with no PK
 - Consistent snapshot between storage engines
- User feedback plugin
- Extended OpenGIS SFS

Progress Report



Progress report for ALTER TABLE

```
MariaDB [employees] > alter table salaries engine = maria; Stage: 1 of 2 'copy to tmp table' 17.55% of stage done
```



- 1. Sub-query optimizations
- 2. Join additions
- 3. Optimizations for derived tables and views
- 4. Disk access optimization
- 5. Optimizer control



Subqueries are finally usable in practice!

1. Sub-query optimizations

- Semi-join subquery optimization
- Materialization for non-correlated IN-queries
- Sub-query cache

It is no longer necessary to rewrite subqueries manually into joins or into separate queries



Before MariaDB 5.3 only Nested-Loop-Joins available

2. Join additions

- Block Nested-Loop-Joins for outer joins
- Block Hash-Joins
- Batch-Key-Access



3. Optimizations for derived tables and views

- Mergeable derived tables processed like VIEWs
- Optimizer can create indexes over materialized derived tables

4. Disk access optimization

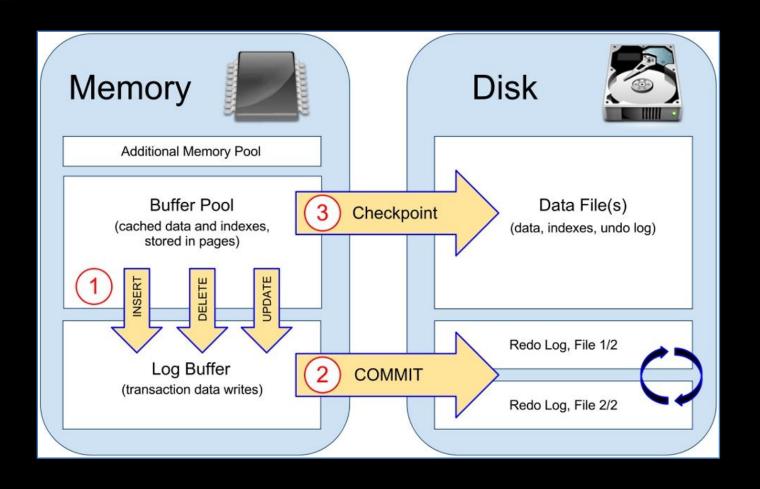
- Index Condition Pushdown
- Multi-Range-Read optimization (MRR)

5. Optimizer control

— @@optimizer_switch for all new options

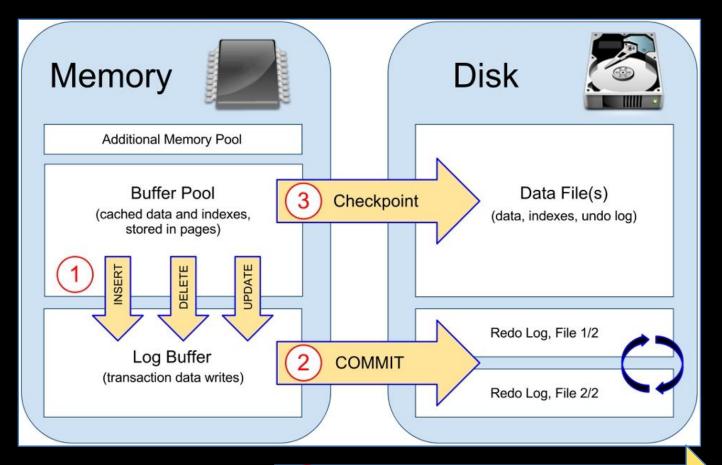
Group Commit





Group Commit





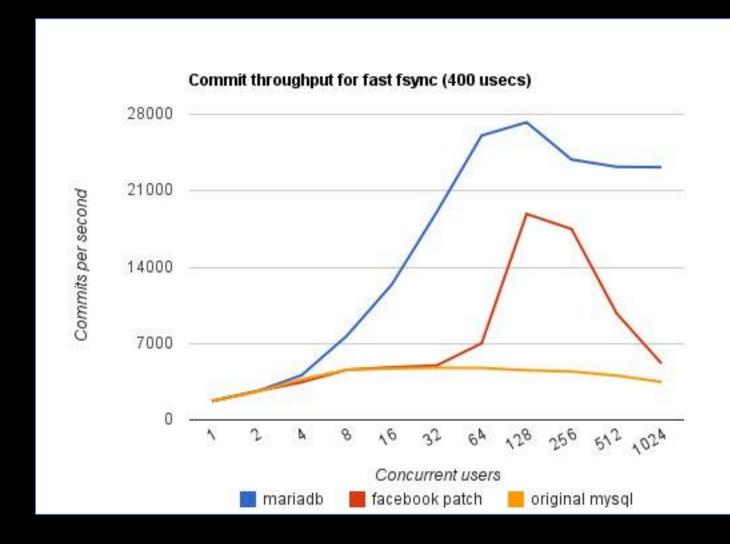
3 fsyncs / transaction

2 COMMIT



Group Commit





MariaDB 5.5 – April 2012



MariaDB 5.5 = **MySQL 5.5** + MariaDB 5.3 features + the following:

- New optimized thread pool implementation
 - Pool size dynamic
 - Different implementation on Linux and Windows
 - Fine grained tuning possible on Linux
- @@skip_replication
- LIMIT ROWS EXAMINED

```
MariaDB [employees] > SELECT * from t1, t2
-> LIMIT 10 ROWS EXAMINED 1000;
```

Next MariaDB



All highly speculative

- Global transaction Id (from MySQL 5.6)
- Multi-source replication
- New improved InnoDB (from MySQL 5.6)
- Cassandra storage engine

Vote for features on

http://www.skysql.com/content/ new-server-functionality-have-your-say

A branch or a fork?







- MySQL 5.1 CE = MySQL EE <-> MariaDB 5.1
- MariaDB 5.2 and 5.3 <-> MySQL 5.1 CE & EE
- MySQL 5.5 CE != MySQL 5.5 EE
 - Commercial extensions
 - MariaDB 5.5 implements same features
 - Merged nonetheless
- 5.6 ?

Getting MariaDB



- http://mariadb.org is the main place
- Available via OpenSUSE build services
- Also available via
 - Gentoo
 - FreeBSD
 - Homebrew
 - Slackware
 - ArchLinux
- yum and apt repos available from MP

Support & Services



- Monty Program does NRE
- Enterprise level support available from SkySQL
 - Monty Program providing L3
- Training, consulting etc available from SkySQL
- Others providing MariaDB services:

http://mariadb.org/service-providers/

More Information



- Downloads: http://mariadb.org/
- Mailing lists on launchpad
- #maria on freenode
- Knowledgbase: http://kb.askmonty.org/
- Support: http://www.skysql.com/products/skysql-enterprise
- Training & consulting: <u>http://www.skysql.com/services/mysql/overview</u>
- MariaDB book: MariaDB Crash Course by Ben Forta

